

UNIVERSITY OF CALICUT

Abstract

B.A.Political Science Programme – Choice Based Credit Semester System – School of Distance Education Stream – Complimentary Courses – nomenclature – revised – approved – Orders issued.

GENERAL AND ACADEMIC BRANCH – IV ‘B’ SECTION

No.GAIV/B1/246/2011

Dated: Calicut University P.O.,12.01.2012.

Read: 1. U.O. of even number dated 24.08.2011.

2. U.O.GA.IV/J2/3601/10 Vol.IV(ii) dated 29.08.2011.

3. Letter No.SDE/C3/6711/2011(i) dated 22.11.2011 from the Director,
School of Distance Education.

4. Letter dated 23.12.2011 from the Chairman, Board of Studies in Political Science(UG).

5. Orders of the Registrar in file of even number dated 07.01.2012.

ORDER

Vide paper read first above, the syllabus of B.A. Political Science Programme under Choice Based Credit Semester System for School of Distance Education Stream was implemented.

Vide paper read second, the Complimentary Courses for B.A. Programme, as resolved by the Steering Committee on Choice Based Credit Semester System (UG) was implemented wherein the Complimentary Courses offered by the Board of Studies in Political Science (UG) reads as ‘Political Science’ and ‘Indian Constitution and Politics.’

Vide paper read third above, the Director, School of Distance Education has informed that the nomenclature of the Complimentary Courses offered by the Board of Studies in Political Science (UG) are not in tune with the resolutions of the Steering Committee on Choice Based

Credit Semester System as resolved at the meeting held on 29.06.2011 (Item No.1) and implemented vide University Order read second above.

Accordingly the Chairman, Board of Studies in Political Science (UG) has offered his clarifications and has also forwarded the hard and soft copy of the syllabus of B.A Political Science (UG) Choice Based Credit Semester System for School of Distance Education Steam as per the resolutions of the Steering Committee on Choice Based Credit Semester System.

Vide paper read fifth, orders have been issued by the Registrar accepting the syllabus submitted by the Chairman, Board of Studies in Political Science (UG) on 23.12.2011 and upload the same in the University website.

Accordingly the following orders are issued.

The nomenclature of the Complimentary Courses offered by the Board of Studies in Political Science (UG) for other B.A. Programmes reads as

- (i) Political Science.
- (ii) Indian Constitution and Politics.

The University Order read first stands modified to this extent.

The syllabus is uploaded in the University website.

Sd/-

DEPUTY REGISTRAR (G&A-IV)

To

For REGISTRAR

The Director,

School of Distance Education.

Copy to:

Forwarded/By order

CE/Ex Sec/Eg Section/DR & AR-SDE/Tabulation Section/

System Administrator with a request to upload the syllabus

UNIVERSITY OF CALICUT
Under Graduate Programme in Political Science
Choice Based Credit Semester System [CCSS]
 SDE/PRIVATE MODE (2011 Admission onwards)

Semester wise Details of Courses
Recommended by Board of Studies in Political Science (UG) on 28th July, 2011

Structure of Courses for B.A. Political Science

Distribution of Credits

Common courses	38 credits
Core courses including project & elective	62 credits
Complementary courses	16 credits
Open courses	04 credits
Total Credits	120 credits

Semester 1

Sl.No	Course code	Title of courses	No. of credits
1.		Common Course : Communicative skills in English	3
2.		Common Course : Critical reasoning, writing and presentation	3
3.		Common Course : Communicative skills in other languages	4
4.		Core Course I : Foundations of Political Science	4
5.		Complementary Course I: Modern World History- Part I	4

Total 18

Semester 2

Sl.No	Course code	Title of courses	No. of credits
6.		Common Course: Reading literature in English	4
7.		Common Course: Readings on Indian Constitution, secularism and sustainable environment	4

8.		Common Course: Translation and communication in other Languages	4
9.		Core Course II: Concepts Political Science	4
10.		Complementary Course II: General Economics-Part I	4

Total 20

Semester 3

Sl.No	Course code	Title of courses	No. of credits
11.		Common Course: Literature and Contemporary Issues	4
12.		Common Course: Literature in other languages	4
13.		Core Course III: Indian Government and Politics	4
14.		Core Course IV : Public Administration: Theory and Practice	4
15.		Complementary Course II: General Economics-Part II	4

Total 20

Semester 4

Sl.No	Course code	Title of courses	No. of credits
16.		Common Course: History and Philosophy of Science	4
17.		Common Course: Culture and Civilisation	4
18.		Core Course V: Introduction to Comparative Politics	4
19.		Core Course VI: International Politics	4
20.		Complementary Course I: Modern World History- Part II	4

Total 20

Semester 5

Sl.No	Course code	Title of courses	No. of credits
21.		Core Course VII: Research Methodology	4
22.		Core Course VIII: Ancient and Medieval Political Thought	4
23.		Core Course IX: Human Rights	4
24.		Core Course X: India's Foreign Policy	4
25.		Open Course (Offered by other Faculty)	4
26.		Project: Selection and finalisation of topic	0

Total 20

Semester 6

Sl.No	Course code	Title of courses	No. of credits
27.		Core Course XI: Modern Political Thought	4

28.		Core Course XII: State and Society in Kerala	4
29.		Core Course XIII: Contemporary Issues in International Politics	4
30.		Core Course XIV: Development Administration	4
31.		Elective Course: Modern Indian Social and Political Thought OR International Organisation and Administration	2
32.		Project: Preparation and Submission	4

Total 22

Credits Grand Total = 120

**Under Graduate Programme in Political Science CCSS
(SDE/Private Mode)**

CORE COURSES

Name of Semester	Nature of Course	Course Code	Name of the Core Course
I Semester	Core course I		Foundations of Political Science
II Semester	Core course II		Concepts of Political Science
III Semester	Core course III		Indian Government and Politics
III Semester:	Core course IV		Public Administration: Theory and Practice
IV Semester	Core course V		Introduction to Comparative Politics
IV Semester	Core course VI		International Politics
V Semester	Core course VII		Research Methodology
V Semester	Core course VIII		Ancient and Medieval Political Thought
V Semester	Core Course IX		Human Rights
V Semester	Core Course X		India's Foreign Policy

VI Semester	Core course XI		Modern Political Thought
VI Semester	Core course XII		State and Society in Kerala
VI Semester	Core course XIII		Contemporary Issues in International Politics
VI Semester	Core course XIV		Development Administration

PROJECT : (Vth and VIth Semesters)

Semester	Nature of Course	Course Code	Name of Course
V Semester	Project Work		Project: Selection and finalisation of topic
VI Semester	Project Work		Project: Preparation and Submission of Project Report.

**ELECTIVE COURSES
(Select any one course)**

Semester	Nature of Course	Course Code	Name of the Elective Course
VI Semester	Elective Course		Modern Indian Social and Political Thought.
OR			
VI Semester	Elective Course		International Organisation and Administration

**OPEN COURSES
(Offered by Political Science Faculty, for students from other streams)**

Semester	Nature of Course	Course Code	Name of the Open Course
V Semester	Open Course		Human Rights in India
OR			
V Semester	Open Course		Development Administration

**COMPLEMENTARY COURSES
(Offered by Political Science Faculty, for students from other streams)**

Model I			
Semester	Nature of Course	Course Code	Name of the Open Course
Semester I	Complementary Course		POLITICAL SCIENCE (Part I)

Semester IV	Complementary Course		POLITICAL SCIENCE (Part II)
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OR

Model II			
Semester	Nature of Course	Course Code	Name of the Open Course
Semester I	Complementary Course		INDIAN CONSTITUTION AND POLITICS(Part I)
Semester IV	Complementary Course		INDIAN CONSTITUTION AND POLITICS (Part II)

BA POLITICAL SCIENCE (Core Course)
Core Course I – Foundations of Political Science

Module I: An Introduction to Research Methodology in Social Science. Meaning, Objectives and importance of Research in Social Sciences.

Module II (A) Concept of Political Science:
Meaning, nature, scope and importance of Political Science.

(B) Approaches to the Study:
Traditional and modern; Behavioural, Post-Behavioural, and Marxian approaches.

Module III: State and Civil Society:
(A) Meaning, Characteristics and inter relationships.

- (B) Nature and functions of the state : Liberal and Marxian Views.
- (C) Theories of the origin of the state with special reference to Evolutionary and Marxian Theories.

Module IV : Sovereignty: Meaning and kinds. Monistic and pluralistic interpretations.

Module V : Governmental structures and functions. Theory of Separation of powers.

- (A) Legislature: Rule making functions.
- (B) Executive: Rule application function : An analysis of Parliamentary and Presidential Systems.
- (C) Judiciary: Rule adjudication function : Rule of Law and Administrative Law, Judicial Review.

Module VI : Political Dynamics:

- (A) Party Systems: An overview.
Role of Interest groups and Pressure groups
- (B) Elections and Voting Behaviour : factors influencing voting behaviour.

Minority Representation: Methods of ensuring minority representation.

Books and References

1. Alan R. Ball : Modern Politics and Government, Third revised edition, Palgrave Macmillan 2008.
2. Appadorai A : Substance of Politics, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2002.
3. Andrew Heywood : Politics, 3rd edition, Palgrave Macmillan, New York, 2007.
4. Andrew Heywood : Political Theory, An Introduction, 3rd edition, Palgrave Macmillan, New York, 2008.
5. Asirvatham & Misra : Political Theory, S.Chand & Company, New Delhi.
6. David Robertson : The Dictionary of Politics, 3rd edition, Routledge, Ane Books, New Delhi, 2007.
7. Gauba O.P : An Introduction to Political Theory, Macmillan Publishers, New Delhi, 1995.
8. Harold J. Laski : Grammar of Politics, Surjeeth Publications, New Delhi, 2006.
9. Mahajan. V.D : Political Theory, Chand & Company, New Delhi, 2009.
10. Peter B. Haris : Foundations of Political Science, Oxford IBH.
11. Varma S.P : Modern Political Theory, Revised edition Vikas, New Delhi, 1984.
12. John Adams, ed. : Research Methods for Graduate Business and Social Science Students. Sage New Delhi, 2008.
13. Abhijit Kundu ed. : The Social Sciences: Methodology and Perspectives. Pearson 2009.

Core Course II– Concepts of Political Science

Module I : (A) Concept of Political System : Meaning and characteristics.
(B) Systems Analysis : Structural Functional Analysis and Input Output Analysis.

Module II : Modern Concepts :
Power, Influence, Authority, Legitimacy, Political Culture, Political

Socialisation, Political Modernisation and Political Development: Meanings, inter relationships and importance.

Module III : Law, Equality, Liberty, Justice, Rights and Duties : Meanings and dimensions. Concept of Human Rights.

Module IV : Democracy : Meaning and interpretations; Liberal, Marxian and Gandhian views; conditions necessary for the working of democracy.

Module V : Public Opinion : Agencies of Public Opinion: Role of Public Opinion in democratic and totalitarian systems.

Books and References

1. Appadorai A : Substance of Politics, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2002.
2. Alan R. Ball & : Modern Politics and Government, Palgrave Macmillan, Guy Peters New York, 2008.
3. Andrew Heywood : Political Theory, An Introduction, 3rd edition, Palgrave Macmillan, New York, 2008.
4. Andrew Heywood : Politics, 3rd edition, Palgrave Macmillan, New York, 2007.
5. Andrew Heywood : Key Concepts in Politics, Palgrave Macmillan, New York, 2007.
6. Almond & Powell : Comparative Politics : A Developmental Approach, Amerind Publishing Company.
7. David Robertson : Dictionary of Politics, 3rd edition, Routledge, Ane Books, New Delhi, 2007.
8. Gauba O.P : Introduction to Political Theory, Macmillan Publishers, New Delhi, 1995.
9. Peter B. Haris : Foundations of Political Science, Oxford IBH.
10. Mahajan. V.D : Political Theory, Chand & Company, New Delhi, 2009.
11. Varma S.P : Modern Political Theory, Vikas, New Delhi. 1984.

Core Course III Indian Government and Politics

Module. I. A brief introduction to Indian Polity. Constitutional Development with reference to Government of India act 1909, 1919, 1935 and Indian Independence Act 1947. The Constituent Assembly of India.

Module II. Salient features of the Indian Constitution - the Preamble- the Fundamental Rights - Directive principles of State Policy- Fundamental duties.

Module III. Indian federalism, Centre-State relations- distribution of legislative powers, Administrative and financial relations between the Union and the States. The Finance Commission, The Planning Commission, National Development Council

Module IV. Government of the Union.

(a) The Union Executive- the President and the Vice-President- The Council of Ministers and the Prime Minister.

(b) The Union Legislature - The Parliament- The Lok Sabha and the Rajya Sabha, composition, Powers and functions – Important Committees -Privileges - the role of the Speaker.

(c) Government of the States. The Governor- The Council of Ministers and the Chief Minister- the State Legislature- composition, powers and functions.

(d) Democratic decentralization or Panchayath Raj in India. Significance of 73rd

and 74th Amendment acts.

Module V. The Indian Judicial System- the Supreme Court and the High Courts composition, jurisdiction and functions, Judicial review, Judicial activism, Independence of Judiciary in India.

Module VI. Major issues in Indian Democracy. Regionalism, Communalism, Religious Fundamentalism, Criminalisation of Politics, Reservation issues and Globalisation.

Books and References

- 1 D. D. Basu. Introduction to the Constitution of India. (Prentice Hall)
- 2 J. R. Siwach. Dynamics of Indian Govt. and Politics (Sterling)
- 3 Norman D. Palmer. The Indian Political System
- 4 Dr. M. V. Pylee. India's Constitution (Vikas)
5. Dr.B.L.Fadia. Indian Government and Politics. (Sahitya Bhavan Publications)
- 6.Dr.A.P.Avasthi. Indian Government and Politics. (Lakshmi Narayan Agarwal)
7. J.C.Johari. Indian Politics (Vishal Publications)
8. J.C.Johari. Indian Political System (Anmol Publications)
9. Grenville Austin. Indian Constitution: A cornerstone of a Nation.(Oxford)
10. C.P.Bambri. Indian Politics since Independence. (Shirpa Publications)
11. Dr. M. V. Pylee. Introduction to India's Constitution. S.Chand
12. Brij Kishore Shama. Introduction to the Constitution of India. Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 2007
13. Bidyut Chakrabarthy & Indian Government and Politics. Sage, New Delhi 2008
- RajendraKumar Pandey

Core Course IV– - Public Administration Theory and Practice

Module I. Definition, nature, scope and importance of Public Administration-Public Administration and Private Administration.

Module II. Administrative Law - Rule of Law - Delegated legislation - Administrative Adjudication.

Module III. Principles of Organisation; Hierarchy -Unity of command - Span of control- Delegation - Co-ordination – Communication.

Module IV. Units and forms of organization - Line, Staff and Auxiliary Agencies-

Module V. Personnel Administration- nature of the personnel problems, Spoils, Merit Bureaucratic, Aristocratic and Democratic systems

Module VI. Bureaucracy - Meaning – Characteristics - Defects and merits - U.P.S.C and State P.S.C s

Books and References

1. Avasthi & Avasthi : Administrative Theory.(Lakshmi Narayan Agarwal, Agra)
2. Avasthi & Maheswari - Public Administration in Theory and Practice . (Lakshmi Narayan Agarwal, Agra)
3. B.L.Fadia : Administrative Theory. (Sahitya Bhavan Publications)
4. F. M. Marx : Elements of public Administration –
5. Prema Arora: Public Administration

6. White L. D.: Introduction to the study of Public Administration: (Surjeet Publications)
7. Ramesh. K. Arora: Administrative Theory (Associate Publishing House, New Delhi)
8. Rumki Basu : Public Administration Concepts and Theories (Sterling Publishers, New Delhi)
9. Sapru, Administrative Theories and Management Thought, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
10. Sharma. M. P.: Public Administration in theory and practice, (Kithab Mahal, Allahabad)
11. Indian Journal of Public Administration

Core Course V– Introduction to Comparative politics

Module I. Nature and Scope of Comparative Politics. Distinction between traditional and modern Comparative Politics.

Module II. Constitution and constitutionalism.

Module III. A comparative analysis on the features of the constitutions of U.K., U.S.A., France, Switzerland and China.

Module IV. Executive, Legislature and Judiciary of U.K., U.S.A. and France

Module V. Compare Federal and Unitary systems - U.S.A., India and Switzerland (federal systems) – U.K., France and China (Unitary systems)

Books and References

1. Chilcotte R.H.: Theories of Comparative Politics, The search for a paradigm revisited, West View Press, Colorado, 1996.
2. S.N. Ray: Modern Comparative Politics: Approaches, Methods and Issues. Forth Printing, Prentice Hall of India, 2007.
3. Almond Gabriel: Comparative Politics: A Developmental Approach, Boston little Brown, 1970
4. Almond Gabriel, et al: Comparative Politics Today – Pearson Education, 482 F.I.E. Patparganj, Delhi 110 092, 2003
5. Mahajan Gurpreet: The Multicultural Path New Delhi: Sage Publication, 2002
6. Macridis, Roy C: & Bernard E. Brown; Comparative Politics, Chigago, Dorsey Pess 1986
7. Macridis, Roy C: Modern Political Regimes, Paterns and Institutions, Boston, little Brown and Company, 1986
8. Ray, Samirendra N : Modern Comparative Politics: Approaches, Methods and Issues, New Delhi, Prentice Hall of India 1999
9. Dahl, R & Bruce Stinebrickner; Modern Political Analysis, 6th edn, Pearson Education, 482 F.I.E. Patparganj, Delhi 110 092, 2003
10. Easton David; The Political System, New York, Alfred A Knopf, 1981 Pearson Education, 482 F.I.E. Patparganj, Delhi 110 092, 2003

Core Course VI– International Politics

Module I : Perspectives on the study of International Politics:

(A) Meaning, nature, scope and importance of International Politics.

(B) Approaches to the study of INP : Realism, Systems theory, Game theory, Decision making theory, Dependency theory and Communications theory.

Module II : (A) National power : Elements and limitations
(B) State system : Evolution, development and corollaries – Nature of contemporary state system:
(C) Imperialism and colonialism : Modern trends

Module III : Diplomacy : Functions, styles and limitations of Diplomacy. Diplomacy in the post cold war period.

Module IV : Controls of Inter State Relations
a) Balance of Power : Meaning, devices and contemporary relevance
b) Collective Security : Meaning and safeguards
c) Pacific settlement of International disputes : Devices under UN charter
d) Disarmament and arms control : obstacles to Nuclear Disarmament.
e) International Law : nature, limitations and contemporary relevance.

Module V : Foreign Policy : a) Determinants of foreign policy
b) Ideology as an instrument of foreign policy.
c) Future of war as an instrument of national policy

Books and References

1. Abdul Said, : Theory of International Relations : Crisis of Relevance, Prentice Hall of India.
2. Charls W. Kegley etc; (ed) : World Politics : Trends and Transformation, St: Martins Publications, New york, 2000.
3. Hans J. Morgenthau, : Politics among Nations: Struggle for power and peace, revised edition, Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi, 1985.
4. John Baylis, Steve Smit etc; (ed) : The Globalization of World Politics : An Introduction to International Relations, 4th edition, Oxford, University Press, New York, 2008.
5. Mahendra Kumar : Theoretical Aspects of International Politics, Shiva Lal Agarwal & Company, New Delhi.
6. Norman D Palmer and Howard C. Perkins : International Relations, Third revised Indian edition, A.I.T.B.S. Publishers, New Delhi, 2002.
7. Robert Jackson & Georg Sorensen : Introduction to International Relations, 3rd edition, Oxford University Press, New York, 2008.
8. Scott Burchill, Richard Devetak (ed) : Theories of International Relations, 2nd edition, Palgrave, New York, 2008.
9. Vinaya Kumar Malhotra : Theories and Approaches to International Relations, Anmol, New Delhi, 2001.

Core Course VII– Research Methodology

Module I : (A) Research Method and Research Methodology. Social Science Research. Scientific Method: features and limitations.

(B) Hypothesis: functions and importance; Characteristics of good Hypothesis.

(C) Concepts and variables: A brief analysis.

Module II : Types of Research: Pure and Applied, Historical and Analytical. Survey Research: features, merits and demerits.

Module III : Research Design. Meaning and importance. Types of Research Design: Exploratory, Descriptive, Experimental and Action Research.

Module IV : Sampling: Meaning and importance. Types of sampling – Random sampling, Stratified sampling and Systematic sampling.

Module V : (a) Data collection, Processing and Analysis : An analysis. Report writing

(b). Role of internet and computers in Political Science Research.

Books and References

1. John Adams, (ed) Research Methods for Graduate Business and Social Science Students, Sage, New Delhi, 2007.
2. Bridget Somek, Lewin, Research Methods in the Social Sciences, Vistaar Publications, New Delhi, 2008.
3. Ghosh B.N, Scientific Method and Social Research, Sterling, New Delhi.
4. Goode and Hatt, Methods in Social Research, Mc Graw-Hill, New York, 1952.
5. Gopal Lal Jain, Research Methodology : Methods Tools and Techniques. Mangal Deep Publications, Jaipur, 2003.
6. Kerlinger F.W, Foundations of Behavioural Research. Revised edition, Surjeeth Publications, New Delhi.
7. Kothari.C.R, Research Methodology : Methods and Techniques. New Age International, New Delhi, 2004.
8. Krishnaswamy O.R
& Ranganathan M : Methodology of Research in Social Sciences, Himalaya, 2006.
9. Sharma B.A.V.Prasad & Satyanarayana.P (ed); Research Methods in Social Sciences, Sterling, New Delhi, 1983.
10. Young P.V : Scientific Social Surveys and Research, revised edition, Asia publishing House, Bombay 1997.
11. Zina O Leary, The Essential Guide to Doing Research, Vistaar, New Delhi, 2008.

Core Course VIII– Ancient and Medieval Political Thought

Module I : Greek Political Thought:

Plato : Ideal State, Justice, Education and Communism

Aristotle : State : Origin, nature and functions. Slavery and Revolution.

Module II : Ancient Roman Political Thought:

Contributions of Polybius and Cicero to Roman Political thought

Module III : Ancient Hindu Political Thought :

Hindu Conceptions of Dharma and Justice. Contributions of Kautilya.

Module IV : Medieval Political thought:

St: Thomas Aquinas : his views on Law and Justice.

Dante : Theory of Universal Monarchy.

Module V : Machiavelli : human nature, morality and religion.

Realism in Machiavellean political philosophy.

Books and References

1. Bhandari.D.R : History of European Political Philosophy, 13th revised edition, The Bangalore Printing and Publishing Company Ltd, Bangalore,1981.
2. Dunning W.A : A History of Political Theories. Vol.I, Macmillan, New York.
3. Gettel R.G : History of Political Thought, Novell & Co, New York.
4. Gupta R.C : Western Political Thought, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra, 2007.
5. Maxey C.C : Political Philosophies, Surjeeth Publications, Delhi, 2007.
6. Karl Popper : Open Society and its Enemies, vol.I, Routledge, New york,2007.
7. Sabine G.H : History of Political Theory, 4th revised edition, Oxford and IBH.Delhi.
8. Subrata Mukherjee& Sushila Ramaswamy: A History of Political Thought, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 1999.
9. Varma V.P : Ancient and Medieval Political Thought, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra-2000.
10. Wayper C.L : Political Thought, English University Press, London, 1967.
11. William Ebenstein: Great Political Thinkers, Oxford IBH, New Delhi, 1969.

Core Course IX– Human Rights

Module I : Human Rights : Meaning, evolution and importance.

Approaches to the study : Western, Marxian and Third World.

Module II : UNO and Human Rights : Universal Declaration of Human Rights

Module III : Human Rights in India: Constitutional provisions. Right to Information Act.

Module IV : Instrumentalities for the protection of Human Rights : National Human Rights Commission, Judiciary and Media.

Module V : Human Rights Movements :

Amnesty International, World Watch, Asia Watch, Peoples Union for Civil Liberties, Environmental Movements.

Module VI : Challenges to Human Rights : Terrorism, Religious fundamentalism, Police atrocities against women, children and other marginalized sections.

Books and References

1. Andrew Clapham : Human Rights: A Very Short Introduction, Oxford University Press, New York, 2007.
2. Chiranjeevi Nirmal : Human Rights in India, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1997.
3. Darren J.O Byrne, (ed) : Human Rights : An Introduction, Pearson Education Pvt Ltd,

New Delhi, 2004.

4. Janusz Symonides (ed) : New Dimensions and Challenges for Human Rights, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 2006.

5. Johari J.C : Human Rights and New World Order, Anmol Publications, New Delhi, 1998.

6. Krishna Iyer.V.R, : Minorities, Civil Liberties and Criminal Justice, People's Publishing House, New Delhi, 1980.

7. Shashi Motilal &

Bijayalaxmi : Human Rights, Gender and Environment, Allied Publishers, New Delhi, 2006

8. South Asia Human Rights

Documentation Centre : Introducing Human Rights, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2007.

9. Ujjwal Kumar Singh (ed) : Human Rights and peace : Ideas, Laws, Institutions and Movements, Sage, New Delhi, 2009.

10. Upendra Baxi : Inhuman wrongs and Human Rights, Har Anand, New Delhi, 1994

11. Upendra Baxi : The Right to be Human, Lancer International, New Delhi, 1987.

Journal

Indian Journal of Human Rights.

Core Course X– India's Foreign Policy

Module I : Basic Determinants of Indian Foreign Policy

Political Tradition (b) Geography (c) National interest (d) International milieu.

Module II : India And Her Neighbours:

(a) Pakistan (b) Bangladesh (c) Sri Lanka (d) Nepal

Module III : Recent Trends In India's Relation with :

(a)U.S.A (b) Russia (c) China (d) Iran

Module IV : Engagement with Regional and International Organisations

(a) ASEAN (b) SAARC (c) E.U (d) Role in the U.N.O.

Module V : India And the New World Order – Challenges And Opportunities

(a) The crisis of the non-alignment policy

(b) National Security and Economic Development – new strategic options in a changing world

(c) Globalization and its impact on national sovereignty

(d) Emergence as a Nuclear Power – A critical assessment of India's Nuclear Policy

(e) The Threat Posed by cross-border terrorism.

Books and References

1. Appadorai : Selected of Document on India's Foreign Policy and Relations 1947-92, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.

2. Bandhyopadhyaya : India's foreign Policy.

3. Bambri C.P : Foreign Policy of India.

4. Bimal Prasad : Origin of India's Foreign Policy, Vikas.

5. Bimal Prasad : Indian Foreign Policy, Vikas.

6. Bipin Chandra
Mridula Mukherjee &
Aditya Mukherjee : India Since Independence, Revised and updated edition,
Penguin Books, New Delhi, 2008.
7. Karunakaran.K.P : India in World Affairs, Vols I & II.
8. Misra K.P (ed) : Foreign Policy of India. A book of Readings. Thompson.
9. Navnitha Chandha
Behera (ed) : International Relations in South Asia : Search for Alternative
Paradigm. New Delhi, 2008.
10. Lalit Man Shigh and
Dilip Lahiri : Indian Foreign Policy : Agenda for the 21st century.
11. Somarajan C.N (ed) : Formulation and practice of India's Foreign Policy,
Deep & Deep.

Core Course XI– Modern Political Thought

Module I : Social Contractualists:

: Thomas Hobbes : State of nature, social contract, nature and attributes of state.

: John Locke: State of nature, natural rights, nature and functions of state.

: J.J. Rousseau: State of nature, social contract and general will.

Module II : Utilitarians :

: Jermey Bentham: Pleasure pain theory

: J.S.Mill: Modifications of Bentham's theory, on Liberty and representative government

Module III : Idealists:

: Hegel: On Dialectics, state and freedom

: T.H.Green: State, freedom and rights

Module IV : Socialists:

: Karl Marx - Basic Principles of Marxism – a critical appraisal.

: V.I. Lenin - Imperialism, role of Communist party

Module V : Modern Indian Political Thought :

: Gandhiji: Satyagraha, Non-violence, Ramarajya and his economic ideas

: M.N.Roy: New Humanism

Module VI : Contemporary Political Thought :

: John Rawls : Theory of Justice and Political Liberalism

: Gramsci: Theory of Hegemony.

Books and References:

1. Bhandari.D.R- History of European Political Philosophy, 13th revised edition, The Bangalore Printing and Publishing company Ltd, Bangalore, 1981.
2. Dunning W.A – A History of political Theories, Vols I & II, Macmillan, New York.
3. Gettel R.G. – History of Political Thought, Novel & Co, New York.
4. Karl Popper, Open Society and its Enemies, Vols. I & II Routledge, New York, 2007
5. Gupta R.C – Western Political Thought, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra, 2007
6. Maxey C.C – Political Philosophies, Surjeet Publications, Delhi, 2007.
7. Rawls.J – A Theory of Justice, Oxford University press, London 1971.
8. Sabine.G.H – History of Political Theory, 4th revised edition, Oxford and IBH
9. Subrata Mukherjee & Sushila Ramaswamy – A History of Political Thought,

Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 1999.

10. Varma.V.P – Modern Indian Political Thought, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra 2000.

11. Wayper.C.L – Political Thought, English University Press, London, 1967.

12. William Ebenstein – Great Political Thinkers, Oxford IBH, New Delhi, 1969.

Core Course XII– State and Society in Kerala

Module I : Social and Democratic basis of Kerala Society :

Caste and class structure in the Pre-independence period. Role of Missionaries, Social Reform Movements of Sree Narayana Guru, Ayyankali and others. Temple entry struggles, Democratic Movements and rise of representative institutions.

Module II : Role of Caste / Community Interest Groups, Nationalist Movements, Communist and peasant movements, coalition experiments, factional politics, Trade unionism.

Module III : Party system and electoral Politics : Emerging Trends; Role of Legislature in Social change.

Module IV : Grass root level Democracy – Working of Panchayathiraj institutions – Peoples Planning Programme, Neighbourhood groups.

Module V : Kerala Model of Development: features, challenges and prospects.

Module VI : New Social Movements among Dalits and Adivasis, Women, Fisherfolk, Environmental groups etc.

Books and References

1. John, John P. : Coalition Governments in Kerala, Institute for the Study of Public Policy and Management, Trivandrum, 1983.

2. Joseph Tharamangalam (ed) Kerala: The Paradoxes of Public action and development, Orient Longman, New Delhi, 2006.

3. Mathew E.T (ed) : Dynamics of Migration in Kerala : Dimension, Differential and Consequences, Orient Longman, New Delhi, 2003.

4. Nossiter J.R : Communism in Kerala : A study in Political Adaptation, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1982.

5. Oommen M.A (ed) : Keralas Development Experiences vols. I & II, Institute of Social Sciences, Concept Publishing Company, New Delhi, 1999.

6. Ramakrishnan Nair R: Constitutional Experiments in Kerala, Kerala Academy of Political Sciences, Trivandrum.

7. Robin Jeffrey : Politics, Women and Well being, How Kerala Became a Model ? Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1993.

8. Robin Jeffrey : Decline of Nayar Dominance : Society and Politics in Travancore, 1847-1907, Vikas, New Delhi.

9. Thomas Issac T.M

& Richard Frank : Local Democracy and Development: Peoples campaign for Decentralised Planning in Kerala, Defford Books, New Delhi, 2000.

Core Course XIII– Contemporary Issues in International Politics

Module I : Post cold war analysis of International Politics: Polarity redefined. Role of USA in the new World Order :

American intervention in Afghanistan and Iraq. Emerging role of India

and China in the changed global scenario.

Module II : Role of Non-State actors and Regional Organisations in contemporary International Politics

A : Non-State Actors: Multinational corporations (MNCS), Transnational Corporations (TNCS) and World Trade Organisation (WTO)

B : Regional Organizations – ASEAN, SAARC and European Union.

Module III : Contemporary Issues

A : Globalization : Meaning, dimensions and its impact on national sovereignty; a Global Financial Crisis.

B : International Terrorism : Causes, interpretations and preventives: a critical analysis.

C : Ethnic Conflicts : Crisis in West Asia and Sri Lanka.

D : Nuclear Weapons and Proliferations : Challenges and opportunities

E : Environmental Issues : Climatic change, global warming and fight against AIDS / HIV.

Module IV : Role of UNO in addressing contemporary issues

A : Peace keeping operations of UN during the post cold war period : A brief analysis.

B : Reforms in the charter and restructuring and democratization in the Security Council: challenges and prospects.

Books and References

1. Charles W.Kegley, etc; (ed) : World Politics:Trends and Transformation, St:Martins Publications, New York, 2000.
2. Francis Fukuyama : The End of History and the Last Man, Freepress, 1992.
3. Hans J.Morgenthau: Politics among Nations: Struggle for power and Peace, revised edition, Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi, 1985.
4. David.J.Wittaker : The Terrorism : A Reader, Routledge, London, 2001.
5. John.Allphon Moore Jr.& Jerry Pubants : The New United Nations: International Organisation in the 21st Century, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2008.
6. John Baylis, Steve Smit etc; (ed) : The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations, 4th edition, Oxford University Press, New York, 2008.
7. Palmer and Perkins : International Relations, Revised Indian edition, A.I.T.B.S Publisher's, New Delhi, 2002.
8. Robert Jackson & Georg Sorensen : Introduction to International Relations, Theories and Approaches. 3rd edition, Oxford University Press, New York, 2008.
9. Samuel Huntington : The clash of Civilization and the Remaking of World Orders, Penguin Books, New Delhi, 2008.
10. Saxena K.P : Reforming the United Nations : The Challenges and Relevance, Sage, New Delhi, 2003.
11. Steger M.Manfred : Globalization : A very short Introduction, Oxford University Press, Pondichery, 2009.

Core Course XIV– Development Administration

Module I. Concept and Meaning
Scope , Importance, Evolution
Growth of Development Administration

Module II. Theories and Approaches: Capitalist, Socialist, Mixed economy and Gandhian

Module III. Development Administration in India.
(a)Constitutional frame work. Central, State and Local administration.
(b)Social auditing – Grievances redressal Cell – Ombudsman

Module IV. Development Issues. Poverty, Inequality, regional disparity, Rural class structure, gender and class structure.

Module V. Politics Administrative Interface. Nature of grass root level politics – role of bureaucracy Inter relationship between Politicians and Bureaucrats.
Enhancing Bureaucratic capability

Module VI. Decentralisation and development. Concept of democratic decentralization – evolution and role of Panchayat Raj - Three tire system Impact of 73rd and 74th Constitutional amendments on Panchayat Raj .

Books and References

1. Amithav Mukherjee; Decentralisation; Panchayats in the Nineties, Vikas, New Delhi, 1994.
2. Atul Kohli: State and Poverty in India: The politics of reform. Orient Longman, New delhi,1987
3. Jan Dreze & Amerthya Sen: Indian development: Oxford University Press, Calcutta, 1996.
4. George Mathew: Panchayat Raj: From Legislation to Movement. Concept Publications New Delhi, 1994.
5. Institute for Social Sciences: status of Panchayat Raj in the states and Union Territories of India, Concept Publications New Delhi, 2000.
6. Richard C. Crook & James Manor: Democracy and decentralization in South Asia and West Africa: Participation, accountability and Performance. Cambridge University Press, 1998.
7. Biju. M.R. : Politics of democracy and Decentralisation in India. A case study of Kerala. Atlantic, New Delhi, 1997.
8. Sharma. A.K. & Bhaskar Roa (ed) : Research in Public Administration: An Overview. Vikas, New Delhi, 1996.
9. Pai Panardiker.V. : Bureaucracy and Development Administration, Center for Policy Research, New Delhi, 1978.

Elective Courses (VIth Semester)

Elective Course I: Modern Indian Social and Political Thought

Module I : Indian Renaissance
: (A) Raja Ram Mohan Roy: As a Social reformer.

: (B) Vivekananda: Views on nationalism, democracy and social change.

Module II : Hindu Nationalism and Muslim Thought

: (A) Sarvarkar – Hindu nationalism, Social change and Social reforms

: (B) Mohammed Ali Jinnah – Views on Hindu – Muslim unity and a champion of Two Nations Theory.

Module III : Contributions of Gandhiji and Nehru

: (A) Gandhiji

Contributions to Indian Freedom struggle:

Techniques of political struggle – Satyagraha and non-violence.

Views on socialism, trusteeship, Ramarajya, decentralization etc.

: (B) Nehru – socialism, secularism and non-alignment.

Module IV : Socialist thinkers:

: (A) M.N.Roy - Radical Humanism

: (B) Lohia - views on socialism

: (C) Jayaprakash Narayan - Total Revolution

Module V : Dr.A.B.R.Ambedkar - views on social Democracy and Hinduism

: (B) Sree Narayana Guru - As a social reformer; his views on secularism and universalism

Books and References

1. Appadorai A : Documents in Political Thought in Modern India, 2 vols, Oxford University Press, Bombay, 1975.
2. Appadorai : Indian Political thinking: Through the Ages, Khama Publishers, New Delhi, 1992.
3. Bipin Chandra : India's struggle for Independence, Penguin Books, New Delhi, 2007.
4. Damodaran.K. : Indian Thought: A critical study.
5. Joshi,V.C : Ram Mohan and Process of Modernization, Vikas, New Delhi, 1979.
6. Murkot Kunhappa : The Sree Narayana Guru, National Book Trust, New Delhi, 1982.
7. Sathya Bai Sivadas : Sree Narayana Guru : The social Philosophers of Kerala, & Prabhakara Rao.P Bhavans Publications, Bombay, 1981.
8. Uma Kaura : Muslims and Indian Nationalism, Manohar, New Delhi, 1977.
9. Valerian Rodrigues(ed) : The Essential Writings of B.R.Ambedkar, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2002.
10. Varma.V.P : Modern Indian Political Thought, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra, 2000.

Elective Course II: International Organisation and Administration

Module I : (A) Evolution of International Organisation

(B) League of Nations: Structure and achievements; Failure of League of Nations.

Module II : United Nations Organisations: purposes and principles. Structure and functions of Principal Organs. Changing role of Secretary General.

A brief analysis of specialised agencies.

Module III : Role of UNO in the changed global scenario:

- (A) Peace keeping operations under UNO : A brief analysis
- (B) Collective Security measures undertaken by UNO: Korean and Iraq experiences.
- (C) Disarmament efforts under UN: A critical analysis
- (D) Enforcement of Human Rights: An analysis
- (E) New International Economic Order: Challenges and prospects.
- (F) Revision of the UN charter and democratization of Security council.

Books and References

1. Charles W.Kegley,etc (ed): World Politics : Trends and Transformation, St:Martins Publication, New York, 2000.
2. David J.Wittaker : The Terrorism: A Reader, Routledgs, London,2001.
3. Hans J.Margenthau : Politics among Nations: Struggle for power and peace, Revised edition, Kalyani publishers, New Delhi, 1989.
4. John Allphin Moore Jr. : The New United Nations : International organization in & Jerry Pubants the 21st century, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2008.
5. John Baylis, Steve Smit : The Globalization of World Politics : An Introduction etc; (ed) to International Relations, 4th edition, Oxford University Press, New York, 2008.
6. Mahendra Kumar : Theoretical Aspects of International Politics, Shiva Lal Agarwal & Company, New Delhi.
7. Palmer and Perkins : International Relations, AITBS Publishers, New Delhi,2002.
8. Samuel Huntington : The Clash of civilizations and the Remaking of World Order, Penguin Books, New Delhi, 2008.
9. Saxena K.P : Reforming the United Nations : The Challenges and Relevance, Sage, New Delhi, 2003.
10. Stegner B.Manfred : Globalisation : A very short Introduction, Oxford University press, Pondichery, 2009.

Open Course (V th Semester) (For students from other stream)

Open Course I --: Human Rights in India

Module I : (A) Concept of Human Rights : Meaning, evolution and importance.
(B) Approaches : Western, Marxian and Third World.

Module II : UNO and Human Rights : Universal Declaration of Human Rights:
A brief analysis

Module III : (A) Indian Constitution and Human Rights: Civil and Political Rights,
Socio-economic and cultural Rights.

(B) Acts on Human Rights : Right to Information

Module IV : Agencies for protecting Human Rights : Judiciary, Public Interest Litigation (PIL), National Human Rights Commission and Media.

Module V : (A) Human Rights Movements in India : Peoples Union for Civil Liberties (PUCL), Environmental movements.

(B) Challenges to Human Rights in India. Human Rights violations among Minorities, Dalits and Adivasis, women, children and other marginalized sections. State and Human Rights : Police atrocities.

Book and References

1. Andrew Clapham, Human Rights : A very short Introduction, Oxford University press, New York, 2007.
2. Chiranjeevi Nirmal, Human Rights in India, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1997.
3. Darren J.O.Byrne, (ed), Human Rights : An Introduction, Pearson Education Pvt Ltd, New Delhi, 2004.
4. Janusz Symonides (ed), New Dimensions and Challenges for Human Rights, Rawat publications, Jaipur, 2006.
5. Johari J.C Human Rights and New world Order, Anmol Publications, New Delhi, 1998.
6. Krishna Iyer. V.R Minorities, Civil Liberties and criminal Justice, People's Publishing House, New Delhi 1980.
7. Shasi Motilal & Bijaya Laxmi : Human Rights, Gender and Environment Allied Publishers, New Delhi, 2000.
8. South Asia Human Rights Documentation Centre : Introducing Human Rights, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2007.
9. Ujjal Kumar Singh : Human Rights and Peace : Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2009.
10. Upendra Baxi : Inhuman wrongs and Human Rights, Har Anand, New Delhi, 1994.
11. Upendra Baxi: The Right to be Human, Lancer International, New Delhi, 1987.

Journal

Indian Journal of Human Rights

Open Course II– Development Administration

Module I. Nature, Scope and importance of Development Administration. Evolution of Development Administration.

Module II. Theories and Approaches to development administration.
Capitalist – Socialist – Mixed economy –Gandhian.

Module III. Development Administration in India.

(a)Constitutional frame work. Central, State and Local administration.

(b)Social auditing – Grievances redressal Cell – Ombudsman

Module IV. Challenges and Issues of Development Administration. Poverty, Inequality, regional disparity, rural class structure, gender and class structure.

Module V. Rural development. Community Development, Panchayati Raj, Co operatives, Voluntary organizations.

Module VI. Planning and development.

Books for study

1. Amithav Mukherjee; Decentralisation; Panchayats in the Nineteens, Vikas, New Delhi, 1994.
2. Atul Kohli: State and Poverty in India: The politics of reform. Orient Longman, New delhi,1987
3. Jan Dreze & Amerthya Sen: Indian development: Oxford University Press, Calcutta, 1996.
4. George Mathew: Panchayat Raj: From Legislation to Movement. Concept Publications New Delhi, 1994.
5. Institute for Social Sciences: status of Panchayat Raj in the states and Union Territories of India, Concept Publications New Delhi, 2000.
6. Richard C. Crook & James Manor: Democracy and decentralization in South Asia and West Africa: Participation, accountability and Performance. Cambridge University Press, 1998.
7. Biju. M.R. : Politics of democracy and Decentralisation in India. A case study of Kerala. Atlantic, New Delhi, 1997.
8. Sharma. A.K. & Bhaskar Roa (ed) : Research in Public Administration: An Overview. Vikas, New Delhi, 1996.
9. Pai Panardiker.V. : Bureaucracy and Development Administration, Center for Policy Research, New Delhi, 1978.

Complementary Courses

(offered by Political Science Faculty, for students from other streams)

MODEL I.

I SEMESTER.

Political Science –(Part I)

MODULE.I. (a) Concept of Political Science: Meaning, nature, Scope and Importance
(b) Approaches: Traditional – Modern – Behavioural – Post-Behavioural and Marxian

MODULE.II. State: Meaning, Elements of the State - Theories of the origin of the state -with special reference to Evolutionary theory and Marxian Theory.

MODULE.III. Sovereignty: Meaning and Characteristics, Types of Sovereignty – Monistic and Pluralistic interpretations.

MODULE.IV (a) Law – Liberty – Equality, Justice, Rights and Duties. Meaning and Dimensions.
(b) Concepts of Human Rights – Meaning and importance.

MODULE.V. (a) Systems Analysis - Political System: Meaning and Characteristics.

Input Output analysis and Structural Functional analysis.

MODULE.VI. (a) Major Concepts in Political Analysis: Power - Influence- – Legitimacy and Authority.

(b) Political Culture – Political Socialisation – Political Modernisation and Political Development.

IV SEMESTER.

Political Science –(Part II)

MODULE I. Theory of Separation of Powers - Organs of Government: Legislature – Executive – Judiciary-structure and functions- Judicial review, Judicial activism, Independence of Judiciary.

MODULE.II. Forms of Government: Unitary and Federal – Parliamentary and Presidential – Characteristics – Merits and Demerits.

MODULE.III. Elections and Representation –
(a) Political Parties – Pressure Groups – Interest Groups –types and functions. –(b) Representation of Minorities.

MODULE.IV. Political Ideologies: Individualism, Liberalism, Marxism, Fascism and Gandhism

MODULE.V. (a) Democracy – Meaning and Postulates – Conditions for the success of Democracy – Direct Democratic Devices - Referendum – Initiative – Plebiscite – Recall.

MODULE.VI. Public Opinion-Agents of Public Opinion – Role of Public Opinion in Democracies.

Books and references.

1. Andrew Heywood, Politics, Poligrave Foundations, New Delhi, 2002.
2. Alan. R. Ball, Modern Politics and Government. ELBS. Macmillan
3. Almond and Powell, Comparative Politics : A Developmental Approach, Amerind Publishing Co. New Delhi.
4. R.N. Aggarwal, Political Theory, S.Chand Publications, New Delhi, 2006.
5. Harold Laski, Grammer of Politics, Surjeet Publications, New Delhi.
6. J.C.Johari, Human Rights and New World Order, Anmol Publications, New Delhi.
7. Peter. B. Harris, Foundations of Political Science, Oxford IBH, New Delhi.
8. O.P.Gaubha, An Introduction to Political theory, Macmillian, Bangalore, 2005.
9. Mac Iver, The Modern State, Surjeeth Publications, New Delhi.
10. Robert. A. Dhal and Bruce Stinebrickner, Modern Political Analysis, 6th Edition, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi. 2007.
11. Palmer and Perkins, International Relations, Latest Revised Edition, A.I.T.B.S.Publishers, New Delhi.

COMPLEMENTARY COURSE MODEL II.

I SEMESTER.

INDIAN CONSTITUTION AND POLITICS (Part I)

MODULE.I. Making of the Constitution: A brief analysis of National Movement.. Constitutional Development with reference to Government of India Act 1909, 1919, 1935 and Indian Independence Act 1947. The Constituent Assembly of India.

MODULE II. (a) Basic features of the Indian Constitution - the Preamble-
(b) Fundamental Rights

MODULE III. - Directive Principles of State Policy- Fundamental Duties.

MODULE.IV. Government of the Union.

(a) The Union Executive- the President and the Vice-President- The Council of Ministers and the Prime Minister - Powers and functions

(b) The Union Legislature - The Parliament- The Lok Sabha and the Rajya Sabha, composition, powers and functions - the role of the Speaker.S

MODULE.V. Government of the States.

(a)The Governor- the Council of Ministers and the Chief Minister- Powers and functions

(b)the State Legislature- composition, powers and functions.

MODULE.VI. The Indian Judicial System- the Supreme Court and the High Courts - composition, jurisdiction and functions, Judicial review, Judicial activism, Independence of Judiciary in India.

IV SEMESTER.

INDIAN CONSTITUTION AND POLITICS (Part II):

MODULE.I. Indian Party System: Features-A brief study of National political parties. Regionalism and regional political parties.

MODULE.II. Electoral Process-The Election Commission of India - composition, powers and functions

MODULE.III. (a) Procedure for the amendment of the Constitution.

(b) The Civil Services-All India Services-Central Services – State Services – Union Public Service Commission - State Public Service Commission -

composition, powers and functions

MODULE.IV. (a) Indian Federalism-Constitutional provisions
Centre-State relations- Legislative, Administrative and Financial relations
between the Union and the States.

(b) Panchayathi Raj in India. Significance of 73rd and 74th Amendment Acts.

(c) Reservation issues

MODULE.V Challenges to Indian Democracy - Communalism, Religious Fundamentalism
and Criminalisation of Politics.

MODULE.VI. Inter-State Consultative Machinery - The Finance Commission, The
Planning Commission, National Development Council - composition,
and functions

Books and references.

- 1 D. D. Basu. Introduction to the Constitution of India. (Prentice Hall)
 - 2 J. R. Siwach. Dynamics of Indian Govt. and Politics (Sterling)
 - 3 Norman D. Palmer. The Indian Political System
 - 4 Dr. M. V. Pylee. India's Constitution (Vikas)
 5. Dr.B.L.Fadia. Indian Government and Politics. (Sahitya Bhavan Publications)
 - 6.Dr.A.P.Avasthi. Indian Government and Politics. (Lakshmi Narayan Agarwal)
 7. J.C.Johari. Indian Politics (Vishal Publications)
 8. J.C.Johari. Indian Political System (Anmol Publications)
 9. Grenville Austin. Indian Constitution: A cornerstone of a Nation.(Oxford)
 10. C.P.Bambri. Indian Politics since Independence. (Shirpa Publications)
 11. Dr. M. V. Pylee. Introduction to India's Constitution
 12. Brij Kishore Shama. Introduction to the Constitution of India. Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 2007
 13. Bidyut Chakrabarthy & Indian Government and Politics. Sage, New Delhi 2008
- RajendraKumar Pandey